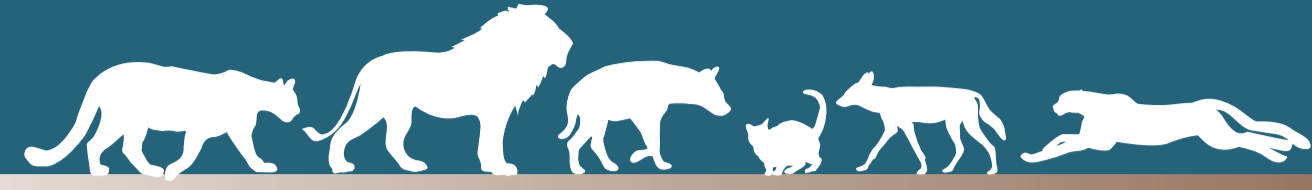


NAMIBIA'S ENDANGERED AND THREATENED CARNIVORES



6 THREATENED

11 of Namibia's 34 terrestrial carnivores are threatened or near threatened

5 NEAR THREATENED



1. AFRICAN WILD DOG

CRITICALLY ENDANGERED

137-359



2. CHEETAH

ENDANGERED

±1,500



3. LEOPARD

VULNERABLE

<12,000

4. LION

VULNERABLE

±800



5. BLACK-FOOTED CAT

VULNERABLE

±2,600

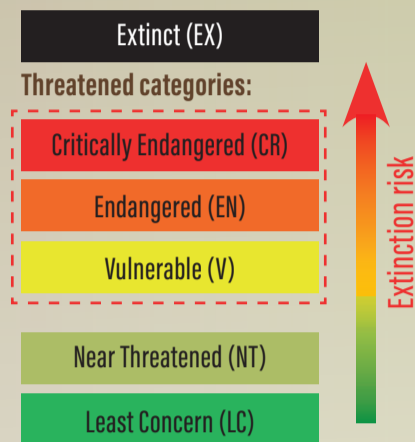


6. SPOTTED HYAENA

VULNERABLE

615-715

The main IUCN Red List categories of threats referred to in this poster:



BLACK MONGOOSE

NEAR ENDEMIC TO NAMIBIA

No threats, but important due to special conservation responsibility



1. SERVAL

1,500-4,000



2. BROWN HYAENA

<3,000



4. AFRICAN CLAWLESS OTTER

UNKNOWN



3. SPOTTED-NECKED OTTER

UNKNOWN



5. AFRICAN STRIPED WEASEL

UNKNOWN

COMMON THREATS

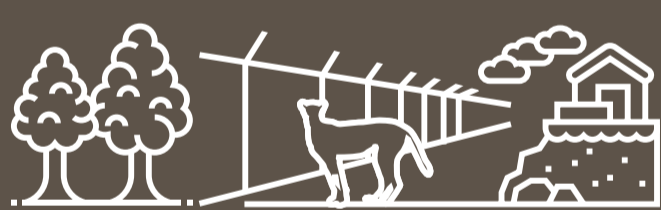
HUMAN-WILDLIFE CONFLICT

POISONS, TRAPPING, SHOOTING, digging out breeding dens and killing pups



HABITAT LOSS

Expansion of GAME-PROOF FENCING and the prevention of MOBILITY for WILDLIFE, and RANGELAND DEGRADATION



NEGATIVE PERCEPTIONS OF PREDATORS



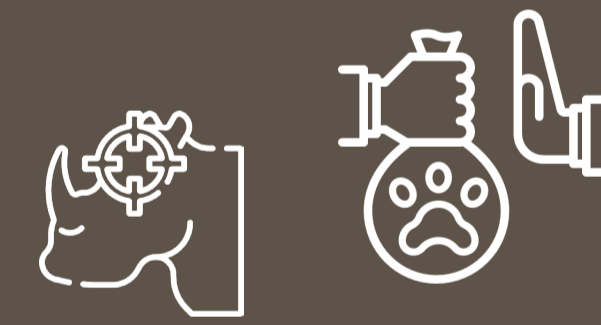
BYCATCH

Killed in SNARES, GIN TRAPS or by POISON aimed at other animals - devastating impact on non-target species, e.g. birds of prey



ILLEGAL WILDLIFE TRADE

Killed or captured to use their PARTS, TRAFFIC THEIR SKIN, BONE OR TEETH, or sell them live (often as cubs, pups or kittens)



ACCIDENTAL ROAD MORTALITIES



RECOMMENDED ACTIONS



MANAGEMENT

- PROTECT livestock to REDUCE human-carnivore conflict and indiscriminate killing
- RESTORE degraded habitat and PREVENT further degradation
- MAINTAIN or INCREASE natural prey availability
- DEVELOP clear protocols and monitoring standards for carnivore translocations



AWARENESS

- INCREASE understanding of and tolerance for carnivores through education and awareness
- PROMOTE carnivore-based tourism
- CREATE and IMPROVE incentives for carnivore conservation



RESEARCH

- MONITOR carnivore population trends for species and areas of concern
- COLLECT more and higher quality data (including economic) to inform management actions
- OBTAIN better information on causes of mortality and severity of threats

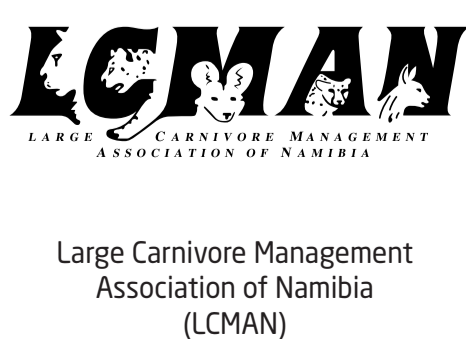


INSTITUTIONAL

- A multi-stakeholder national Carnivore Working Group should be established to
- DEVELOP action plans for threatened species
 - IMPLEMENT the plans
 - MONITOR and ASSESS impacts of actions on carnivore populations
 - UPDATE information on both threats and actions as may be relevant per species and ADAPT implementation accordingly.

Conservation Status and Red List of the Terrestrial Carnivores of Namibia 2022

This poster and Namibia's Red Data Book for Carnivores were produced with support from:



The book Conservation Status and Red List of the Terrestrial Carnivores of Namibia 2022 is available in electronic form:

<http://the-eis.com/eLibrary/sites/default/files/downloads/literature/Carnivore-Red-Data-Book-low-res.pdf>

Design and poster layout: www.feathra.com

